IN THE CLAIMS

Number PTA-1640; and

1-39. (canceled) 40. (currently amended) A method for identifying a compound which binds to a polypeptide, selected from the group consisting of: a) a polypeptide which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:11; b) a polypeptide which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence encoded by the eDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with ATCC as Patent Deposit Number PTA-1640; and e) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:12; wherein the polypeptide has potassium channel activity; the method comprising: i) contacting a sample comprising a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of: a) a polypeptide which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:11; b) a polypeptide which is at least 95% identical to the amino acid

sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with ATCC as Patent Deposit

c) a polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid molecule comprising a nucleotide sequence which is at least 95% identical to the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:12;

with a test compound under conditions suitable for binding; and

- ii) detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide; thereby identifying a compound which binds to the polypeptide.
- 41. (previously presented) The method of claim 40, wherein the polypeptide further comprises heterologous sequences.
- 42. (previously presented) The method of claim 40, wherein the sample is an isolated polypeptide, a membrane-bound form of an isolated polypeptide or a cell comprising the polypeptide.
 - 43. (previously presented) The method of claim 42, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- 44. (currently amended) The method of claim 40, wherein the binding of the test compound to the polypeptide is detected by a method selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) direct detection of test compound/polypeptide binding;
 - b) a competition binding assay;
- c) an immunoassay detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide using an antibody; and
 - d) a yeast two-hybrid assay.
 - 45-46. (canceled)
- 47. (currently amended) A method for identifying a compound which binds to a polypeptide, selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:11;

b) a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with ATCC as Patent Deposit Number PTA-1640; and

e) a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:12;

the method comprising:

- i) contacting a sample comprising a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:11;
- b) a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with ATCC as Patent Deposit Number PTA-1640; and
- c) a polypeptide encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:12;

with a test compound under conditions suitable for binding; and

- ii) detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide; thereby identifying a compound which binds to the polypeptide.
- 48. (previously presented) The method of claim 47, wherein the polypeptide further comprises heterologous sequences.
- 49. (previously presented) The method of claim 47, wherein the sample is an isolated polypeptide, a membrane-bound form of an isolated polypeptide or a cell comprising the polypeptide.
 - 50. (previously presented) The method of claim 49, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.

- 51. (currently amended) The method of claim 47, wherein the binding of the test compound to the polypeptide is detected by a method selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) direct detection of test compound/polypeptide binding;
 - b) a competition binding assay;
- c) an immunoassay detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide using an antibody; and
 - d) a yeast two-hybrid assay.
 - 52-53. (canceled)
- 54. (currently amended) A method for identifying a compound which binds to a polypeptide, selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a polypeptide comprising a fragment of at least 15 contiguous amino acids of SEO ID NO: 11;
 - b) a polypeptide comprising a fragment of at least 15 contiguous amino acids of the amino acid sequence encoded by the eDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with ATCC as Patent Deposit Number PTA-1640; and
 - e) a polypeptide comprising a fragment of at least 15 contiguous amino acids encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO: 10 or SEQ ID NO: 12; the method comprising:
 - i) contacting a sample comprising a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) a polypeptide comprising a <u>biologically active</u> fragment of at least 15 contiguous amino acids of SEQ ID NO:11;

- b) a polypeptide comprising a <u>biologically active</u> fragment of at least 15 contiguous amino acids of the amino acid sequence encoded by the cDNA insert of the plasmid deposited with ATCC as Patent Deposit Number PTA-1640; and
- c) a polypeptide comprising a fragment of at least 15 contiguous amino acids encoded by the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:10 or SEQ ID NO:12;

with a test compound under conditions suitable for binding; and

- ii) detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide; thereby identifying a compound which binds to the polypeptide.
- 55. (previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the polypeptide further comprises heterologous sequences.
- 56. (previously presented) The method of claim 54, wherein the sample is an isolated polypeptide, a membrane-bound form of an isolated polypeptide or a cell comprising the polypeptide.
 - 57. (previously presented) The method of claim 56, wherein the cell is a mammalian cell.
- 58. (currently amended) The method of claim 54, wherein the binding of the test compound to the polypeptide is detected by a method selected from the group consisting of:
 - a) direct detection of test compound/polypeptide binding;
 - b) a competition binding assay;
- c) an immunoassay detecting binding of the test compound to the polypeptide using an antibody; and
 - d) a yeast two-hybrid assay.

59-60. (canceled)